

PU BA-B.COM-LLB-(A)-2025 Entrance Question Paper

- 1) Ceremonies of marriage are provided under which section of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955?
(A) Section 7 (B) Section 17 (C) Section 27 (D) Section 37
- 2) Non-resumption of cohabitation between the parties after the passing of decree of judicial separation is a ground for divorce under Sec. 13(1A) (i) of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955. Non-resumption of cohabitation must be for a minimum period of:
(A) 6 Months (B) 1 Year (C) 18 Months (D) 2 Years
- 3) Prompt Dower is also known as:
(A) Izl (B) Muwajjal (C) Musamma (D) Muajjal
- 4) Tuhr means:
(A) Period of menstruation (B) Period of Iddat
(C) Period of Purity (D) Period between three successive menstruations
- 5) Guardian of Property in Muslim Law is called:
(A) Wali (B) Wasi (C) Wilaya (D) Wakki
- 6) The offence of theft becomes robbery when it is:
(A) Coupled with force
(B) Committed by two or more but less than five persons
(C) Committed by five or more persons
(D) Coupled with imminent danger of life
- 7) Which of the following is an inchoate crime?
(A) Public nuisance (B) Criminal attempt
(C) Unlawful assembly (D) Riot
- 8) Which section of the Indian Penal Code dealing with sedition has been removed in the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita?
(A) Section 124A (B) Section 302 (C) Section 376 (D) Section 420
- 9) On which day Parliament has received the assent of the President on THE BHARATIYA NYAYA SANHITA:
(A) 21st November, 2023 (B) 25th November, 2023
(C) 21st December, 2023 (D) 25th December, 2023
- 10) Whoever being the father or mother of a child under the age of _____, or having the care of such child, shall expose or leave such child in any place with the intention of wholly abandoning such child, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.
(A) 10 years (B) 12 years (C) 14 years (D) 16 years
- 11) “Grievous”, hurt is defined under which section of BNS? namely:
(A) Section 116 (B) Section 186 (C) Section 224 (D) Section 232

- 12) **A obstructs a path along which Z has a right to pass, A not believing in good faith that he has a right to stop the path. Z is thereby prevented from passing. Which offence is committed by A**
(A) Wrongfully restrains (B) Illegal prevention
(C) Wrongful confinement (D) Abstraction
- 13) **Right of private defence of the body begins:**
(A) When a reasonable apprehension of danger to the body arises
(B) When there is an attack on the body
(C) When public authorities have refused protection
(D) When mental peace is disturbed
- 14) **Which Article of the Constitution of India deals with the Fundamental Duty with respect to The Scientific Temper:**
(A) Article 51(e) (B) Article 51(g) (C) Article 51(h) (D) Article 51(i)
- 15) **As per Article 13 sub-clause 3 of the Indian Constitution, Law includes:**
(A) Any ordinance, bye-law, rule, regulation, notification, custom or usage having in the territory of India the force of law.
(B) Any ordinance, bye-law, rule, regulation, amendment, custom or usage having in the territory of India the force of law.
(C) Any ordinance, bye-law, rule, deceleration, notification, custom or usage having in the territory of India the force of law.
(D) Any ordinance, bye-law, rule regulation, notification, custom, practice or usage having in the territory of India the force of law.
- 16) **On which of the following grounds the President of India can be impeached:**
(A) Corruption or Incapacity (B) Misuse of Power
(C) Proved miss-behaviour (D) Violation of the Constitution
- 17) **In which of the following cases did the Supreme Court held that an amendment of the constitution under Article 368 was “Law” within the meaning of Article 13:**
(A) Keshvananda Bharti v State of Kerala
(B) Golakhnath v State of Punjab
(C) Shankari Prasad v Union of India
(D) Sajjan Singh v State of Rajasthan
- 18) **During the proclamation of National Emergency, life of the House of People can be extended by Parliament for a period:**
(A) Three months (B) Six months
(C) Not exceeding 1 year at a time (D) One and half year
- 19) **Which Article of the Indian Constitution provides powers, privileges, etc., of the House of Parliament and of the Members and Committees thereof:**
(A) Article 102 (B) Article 105 (C) Article 113 (D) Article 118

- 20) **Who Prorogue the house/houses of Parliament?**
(A) Speaker (B) Chairman (C) President (D) Prime Minister
- 21) **Total number of members in the Legislative Council of a state shall in no case be less than:**
(A) 40 (B) 50 (C) 60 (D) 70
- 22) **In King v. Philips, (1953) KB 433, the facts of the case were – “A small boy, Michael Charles King was on his tricycle on Bristall Road, London. A taxicab driver while backing his cab hit the tricycle. The mother of the child, who was inside her house some 70 to 80 yards away, heard boy's scream, she came out and saw tricycle of his son under the taxicab, but the child was not there who came to home with slight injury. The lady suffered nervous shock followed by illness, for which she claimed damages”. Who was allowed to claim damages in the above case?**
(A) The boy (B) The mother
(C) Both the boy and his mother (D) None of the above
- 23) **In the case of Page v. Smith, (1995) 2 All ER 736, the plaintiff in the motor accident remained unhurt but suffered 'Myalgic Encephalomyelitis', a psychiatric illness with which he had earlier suffered but was in remission that time. While deciding the case, House of Lords laid down that tortfeasor must take his victim as he finds him. Which of the following is correct in the light of above information?**
(A) The defendant was not held liable for damages since the Plaintiff once suffered 'Myalgic Encephalomyelitis'
(B) The defendant was not held liable for damages since its difficult to pin point the starting point for a psychiatric illness
(C) Defendant is liable since during the time of accident, plaintiff was healthy
(D) Defendant is not liable since he did not physically injure the plaintiff
- 24) **A civil claim for defamation can be brought against the defendant if –**
(A) The statement (relevant to the case) is made while cross examining the witness in another litigation
(B) The defendant proves they hold absolute privilege
(C) The statement is misogynistic slur, questioning the character, made by one person to another, in private
(D) The statement is against the diseased person
- 25) **Which of the following maxims are not relevant for law of torts?**
(A) Ubi jus ibi remedium (B) Volenti non fit injuria
(C) Qui facit per alium facit per se (D) Pacta sunt servanda

- 26) **Which of the following best describes the "Eggshell Skull Rule" in tort law?**
- (A) Defendant is only liable for foreseeable injuries to the plaintiff.
 - (B) Defendant is liable for all injuries to a plaintiff, even if the plaintiff had a pre-existing condition that made the injury worse.
 - (C) Defendant is liable only if the plaintiff's injury is of an ordinary and foreseeable nature.
 - (D) Plaintiff cannot claim damages if their injury was aggravated due to their own frailty.
- 27) **In the tort of false imprisonment, which of the following is not required to establish liability?**
- (A) The restriction of movement must be total.
 - (B) The plaintiff must be aware of the restriction at the time.
 - (C) The defendant must intend to restrict the plaintiff's movement.
 - (D) The restriction must be without lawful justification.
- 28) **In a case involving AI-generated defamation, where a deepfake video misrepresents a public figure endorsing a controversial product, which of the following legal principles would most likely apply under tort law?**
- (A) The AI-generated deepfake would be considered a form of defamation by implication, as it falsely attributes view to the individual, causing harm to their reputation.
 - (B) The deepfake video would be protected under the fair use doctrine, as it is considered an artistic expression and does not qualify as defamation.
 - (C) The defamation claim would fail because the AI-generated content cannot be attributed to the defendant unless it can be shown they specifically created the deepfake.
 - (D) The defamation claim would only be actionable if the plaintiff could prove that the AI model intentionally caused harm to their reputation.
- 29) **In the case of *Felthouse v. Bindley* (1863), what legal principle was established regarding acceptance of an offer?**
- (A) Silence can amount to acceptance if the offeree intends to accept.
 - (B) An offeror can impose acceptance by stating that silence will be considered as consent.
 - (C) Acceptance must be clearly communicated to the offeror or their agent to form a valid contract.
 - (D) An offeree's internal intention is sufficient to create a binding contract.
- 30) **What is the meaning of 'Quantum Meruit':**
- (A) As much as saved
 - (B) As much as paid
 - (C) As much as retained
 - (D) As much as earned

31) When a proposal may be revoked:

- (A) A proposal may be revoked at any time when the communication of its acceptance is complete as against the proposer, but not afterwards.
- (B) A proposal may be revoked at any time before the communication of its acceptance is incomplete as against the proposer, but not afterwards.
- (C) A proposal may be revoked at any time before the communication of its acceptance is complete as against the proposer, but not afterwards.
- (D) A proposal may be revoked at any time after the communication of its acceptance is complete as against the proposer, but not afterwards.

32) A 'proposal' is defined as:

- (A) When one person signifies to another his willingness to do or to abstain from doing anything, with a view to obtaining the assent of that other to such act or abstinence, he is said to make a proposal.
- (B) When one person signifies to another his willingness to do, with a view to obtaining the assent of that other to such act or abstinence, he is said to make a proposal.
- (C) When one person signifies to another his willingness to do or to abstain from doing anything, he is said to make a proposal.
- (D) When one person signifies to many persons his willingness to do or to abstain from doing anything, with a view to obtaining the assent of that other to such act or abstinence, he is said to make a proposal.

33) What is a sound mind for the purposes of contracting:

- (A) A person is said to be of sound mind for the purposes of making a contract, if, at the time when he makes it, he is capable of understanding it and of forming a rational judgement as to its effect upon his interest.
- (B) A person is said to be of sound mind for the purposes of making a contract, if, at the time when he makes it, he is capable of understanding it.
- (C) A person is said to be of sound mind for the purposes of making a contract, if, he is capable of understanding it and of forming a rational judgement as to its effect upon his interest.
- (D) A person is said to be of sound mind for the purposes of making a contract, if, at any time when he makes it, he is capable of understanding it and of forming a rational judgement as to its effect upon his interest.

34) Which section of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 lays down the essentials of a valid contract?

- (A) 2(d) (B) 10 (C) 12 (D) 3

35) An agreement not supported by consideration is called:

- (A) Consensus ad idem (B) Ignorantia juris non excuset
(C) Ab initio (D) Nudum Pactum

- 36) Who said that “Jurisprudence is the study and scientific synthesis of the general principles of law”
(A) Allen (B) Keeton (C) H.L.A. Hart (D) Roscoe Pound
- 37) Who wrote “The Law of War and Peace?”
(A) Hugo Grotius (B) Fichte (C) Immanuel Kant (D) Hegel
- 38) Law grows with the nation, increases with it, and dies with its dissolution and it is a characteristic of it. It is said by:
(A) Salmond (B) Savigny (C) Maine (D) Buckland
- 39) The United States Supreme Court’s decision in *Roe v. Wade* is highly controversial. It was related to:
(A) Rights of father (B) Law relating to abortion
(C) Woman’s right to privacy (D) Medical evidence in murder
- 40) A distinction between static and progressive societies was drawn by:
(A) Maine (B) Hart (C) Savigny (D) Pound
- 41) *Jus Sanguinis* means:
(A) Right of blood (B) Right of Soil (C) Written Law (D) Customary Law
- 42) *Pari passu* means:
(A) With an equal step (B) With an unequal step
(C) Persuade to admit (D) Parliamentary step
- 43) In the Case of *Jadhav (India v. Pakistan)* of 2019 ICC, what charges were brought against the accused (Kulbhushan Sudhir Jadhav)?
(A) Human trafficking (B) Espionage and terrorism
(C) Money laundering (D) Drug smuggling
- 44) Which one of the following Statements is correct in respect to Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948?
(A) It is a common standard of achievement for all people and all nations.
(B) It is a treaty binding on all nations.
(C) It is a common standard of achievement for all those nations who voted for the Declaration in the General Assembly of the UN.
(D) It provides Machinery for implementing the protection of human rights globally.
- 45) Who said that, “International Law or the Law of Nations is the name of a body of rules which regulate the conduct of states in their intercourse with one another.”
(A) Hans Kelsen (B) Charles Fenwick
(C) J.G. Starke (D) Philip Jessup
- 46) What is the name of the agreement signed in 2015 under the UN to address climate change?
(A) Paris Agreement (B) Kyoto Protocol (C) Geneva Accord (D) Montreal Protocol

- 47) **What does UNICEF stand for?**
(A) United Nations Industrial and Commercial Enterprise Fund
(B) United Nations International Community Education Fund
(C) United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund
(D) United Nations International Climate Emergency Fund
- 48) **Secretary General of the UNO who died while in office?**
(A) U Thant (B) Dag Hammarskjold
(C) Trygve Lie (D) Kurt Waldheim
- 49) **Which organ of the United Nations has suspended its operations since 1994?**
(A) Trusteeship Council (B) Economic and Social Council
(C) Secretariat (D) International Court of Justice
- 50) **United Nations has declared which year as the International Year of Glaciers' Preservation?**
(A) 2025 (B) 2024 (C) 2023 (D) 2022
- 51) **Jugalbandi is a feature of:**
(A) Kathak (B) Kathakali (C) Mohiniattam (D) Bharatanatyam
- 52) **Which of the following states is associated with the Chhau dance?**
(A) Rajasthan (B) Gujarat (C) Jharkhand (D) Kerala
- 53) **In which Indian State Flamingo festival is celebrated:**
(A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Manipur (C) Assam (D) Rajasthan
- 54) **Bathukamma' and 'Bonalu' are state festivals of which state?**
(A) Karnataka (B) Tamil Nadu (C) Kerala (D) Telangana
- 55) **Which one of the following is the world's biggest archipelago?**
(A) Island of Andaman and Nicobar (B) Malaysia
(C) Indonesia (D) Maldives
- 56) **Kapildhara Falls is situated on which River?**
(A) Narmada (B) Indravati (C) Sharasvati (D) Tapi
- 57) **The 'Gateway to Hell', is located in which of the following countries?**
(A) Azerbaijan (B) Iraq (C) Kyrgyzstan (D) Turkmenistan
- 58) **Chilika Lake, the largest saltwater lake in India, is located in which state?**
(A) Tamil Nadu (B) Andhra Pradesh (C) Odisha (D) West Bengal
- 59) **Which king started the organization of Kumbh fair at Allahabad?**
(A) Harshavardhana (B) Dhruvasena (C) Narshimhvarman (D) Akabar
- 60) **Where were the hymns of Rigveda composed?**
(A) Punjab (B) Gujarat (C) Rajasthan (D) Uttar Pradesh

- 61) **The Veda that contains charms and spells toward off evils and diseases is:**
(A) Rigveda (B) Atharvaveda (C) Samaveda (D) Yajurveda
- 62) **Who started the first English newspaper in India?**
(A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak (B) Raja Rammohan Roy
(C) J. A. Hickey (D) Lord William Bentinck
- 63) **The first woman to become a Chief Minister of any State in India was?**
(A) Nandini Satpathy (B) Dr. J. Jayalalitha
(C) Sucheta Kripalani (D) Ms. Mayawati
- 64) **A group of Dolphins:**
(A) A Herd (B) A Pride (C) A Pod (D) A Swarm
- 65) **One who talks while asleep is called:**
(A) Somnambulist (B) Somniloquist (C) Somniferous (D) Sleepwalker
- 66) **A bolt from the blue**
(A) an unexpected event (B) an unpleasant event
(C) a delayed event (D) an inexplicable event
- 67) **What is the antonym of morose:**
(A) Gloomy (B) Healthy (C) Sullen (D) Haggard
- 68) **What is the synonym of virile:**
(A) Bastful (B) Manly (C) Pompous (D) Athletic
- 69) **One who collects coins –**
(A) Collector (B) Narcissist (C) Calligrapher (D) Numismatist
- 70) **What is meant by the word “jus in bello”?**
(A) Justice is in balance (B) Balance of scales in jurisprudence
(C) Law of war (D) Just cause of a party
- 71) **What type of chemical reactions take place when electricity is passed through water?**
(A) Displacement (B) Combination
(C) Decomposition (D) Double displacement
- 72) **Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the Idiom/Phrase “To take to one’s heels”**
(A) to walk slowly (B) to hop and jump (C) to run away (D) to march forward
- 73) **Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the Idiom/Phrase “to take someone for a ride”**
(A) to give a ride to someone (B) to be indifferent
(C) to deceive someone (D) to disclose a secret

- 74) A cyclist covers a distance of 24 km in 2 hours, then increases their speed by 50% and covers the next 36 km. How much time does the cyclist take to cover the entire distance?
 (A) 3.5 hours (B) 4 hours (C) 2 hours (D) 5 hours
- 75) A car is running at a speed of 72 km/h. After 2 hours, another car starts from the same point at a speed of 90 km/h. After how much time will the second car catch up with the first?
 (A) 4 hours (B) 6 hours (C) 8 hours (D) 10 hours
- 76) A person walks 3 km north, then 4 km east, then 5 km south. How far is he from his starting point?
 (A) 2 km (B) 3 km (C) 4 km (D) 5 km
- 77) A is the father of B, and B is the son of C. C is married to D, who is the father of E. How is E related to A?
 (A) Brother (B) Uncle (C) Cousin (D) No relation
- 78) A man is looking at a picture of someone. His friend asks, "Who is it you are looking at?" The man replies, "Brothers and sisters, I have none. But that man's father is my father's son." Who is in the picture?
 (A) His son (B) His brother (C) His father (D) Himself
- 79) Ravi's mother has four children: North, South, East, and what is the name of the fourth child?
 (A) West (B) Ravi (C) South (D) North
- 80) Identify the missing term: A, D, I, P, _____?
 (A) U (B) X (C) Y (D) Z
- 81) What is the next number in the series?
 3, 6, 18, 72, 360, _____?
 (A) 1440 (B) 2160 (C) 1800 (D) 2880
- 82) Two standard six-sided dice are rolled. What is the probability that the sum of the two dice is greater than 8?
 (A) $\frac{5}{36}$ (B) $\frac{10}{36}$ (C) $\frac{15}{36}$ (D) $\frac{20}{36}$
- 83) Two trains start at the same time from two stations 300 km apart and travel toward each other. One train travel at 50 km/h, and the other at 70 km/h. A bird starts flying from one train to the other at a speed of 90 km/h. It continues flying back and forth until the trains meet. How far does the bird travel?
 (A) 225 km (B) 270 km (C) 300 km (D) 180 km
- 84) Two clocks are set accurately at midnight. One clock gains two minutes every hour, while the other loses one minute every hour. After how many hours will there be a difference of exactly one hour between the two clocks?
 (A) 10 hours (B) 20 hours (C) 30 hours (D) 40 hours

- 85) A task requires 120 man-hours to complete. Initially, 6 workers are assigned to work 8 hours per day. Later, the number of workers is increased to 10, with the same daily working hours.
- Calculate the total time (in days) required to complete the task with 6 workers.
 - Calculate the total time (in days) required to complete the task after increasing the number of workers to 10.
- (A) 2.5 days with 6 workers, 1.5 days with 10 workers
(B) 3 days with 6 workers, 2 days with 10 workers
(C) 4 days with 6 workers, 2.4 days with 10 workers
(D) 5 days with 6 workers, 3 days with 10 workers
- 86) In a test, 400 students appeared. If 60% of boys and 80% of girls cleared the cutoff, and the total percentage of students clearing the cutoff was 65%, how many girls appeared in the test?
- (A) 200 (B) 100 (C) 150 (D) None of these
- 87) Parambikulam Tiger Reserve is located in which state?
- (A) Karnataka (B) Kerala (C) Tamil Nadu (D) Maharashtra
- 88) Which country has been placed under a state of emergency due to an “Earthquake Swarm” in February 2025?
- (A) Japan (B) Greece (C) Nepal (D) India
- 89) Among the Indian state which has the highest density?
- (A) Uttar Pradesh (B) Kerala (C) Punjab (D) Bihar
- 90) Which Indian state produces the largest quantity of pulses?
- (A) Haryana (B) Uttar Pradesh (C) Madhya Pradesh (D) Punjab
- 91) Which of the following cities is developed as first Artificial Intelligence city?
- (A) Faridabad (B) Lucknow (C) Hyderabad (D) Bangalore
- 92) What is the theme of World Cancer Day 2025?
- (A) Debunk the Myths (B) Close the Care Gap
(C) United by Unique (D) We Can I Can
- 93) India’s first World Peace Centre has been inaugurated in which city?
- (A) Pune (B) Gurugram (C) Chandigarh (D) New Delhi
- 94) Which is the branch of physics that deals with the motion of a body by considering the cause?
- (A) Statics (B) Thermodynamics (C) Dynamics (D) Astronomy
- 95) In 2000, President of India Dropti Murmu was elected as a:
- (A) Member of the Legislative Assembly of Odisha
(B) Member of the Legislative Assembly of Kerala
(C) Member of the Lok Sabha from Odisha
(D) Member of the Lok Sabha from Karnataka

- 96) **Diyaslai' is the autobiography of which Nobel Peace Prize laureate?**
(A) Malala Yousafzai (B) Kailash Satyarthi
(C) S. Chandrasekhar (D) Mother Teresa
- 97) **What is the primary objective of the Blue Ghost mission?**
(A) To enhance understanding of the lunar environment
(B) To analyse the atmospheres of exoplanets
(C) To investigate Jupiter's moon Europa
(D) To study the inner heliosphere and the solar wind
- 98) **Who is the author of the book "Hema Malini: Beyond the Dream Girl"?**
(A) Esha Deol (B) Ram Kamal Mukherjee
(C) Pooja Gautam (D) Rakesh Anand
- 99) **Who has been appointed as Canada's new Liberal Party leader who will replace Prime Minister Justin Trudeau?**
(A) Mark Carney (B) Chrystia Freeland
(C) Karina Gould (D) Frank Baylis
- 100) **Who is the father of DNA fingerprinting in India?**
(A) Sir Alec John Jeffreys (B) R. Mishra
(C) Susruta K (D) Lalji Singh

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Answer Key

B.A./B.COM. LL.B. (Hons.) 5 Years Integrated Course Entrance Test Set: A									
1 A	2 B	3 D	4 C	5 A	6 D	7 B	8 A	9 D	10 B
11 A	12 A	13 A	14 C	15 A	16 D	17 B	18 C	19 B	20 C
21 A	22 A	23 C	24 C	25 D	26 B	27 B	28 A	29 C	30 D
31 C	32 A	33 A	34 B	35 D	36 B	37 A	38 B	39 B	40 A
41 A	42 A	43 B	44 A	45 A	46 A	47 C	48 B	49 A	50 A
51 A	52 C	53 A	54 D	55 C	56 A	57 D	58 C	59 A	60 A
61 B	62 C	63 C	64 C	65 B	66 A	67 C	68 B	69 D	70 C
71 C	72 C	73 C	74 B	75 C	76 C	77 D	78 A	79 B	80 C
81 B	82 B	83 A	84 C	85 A	86 B	87 B	88 B	89 D	90 C
91 B	92 C	93 B	94 C	95 A	96 B	97 A	98 B	99 A	100 D